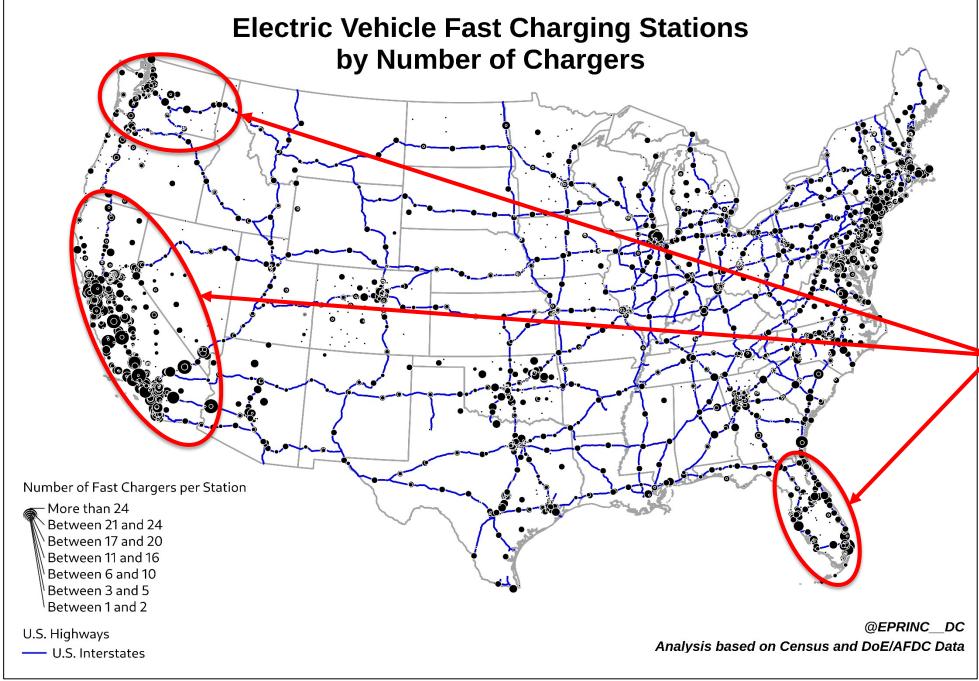


Chart of the Week: Fast Charging Electric Vehicle Stations Some Considerations

Max Pyziur October 27, 2021 Washington, DC

Source: Philip Cheung / NY Times



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EV charging infrastructure by number of stations and fast chargers is concentrated in states such as California, Florida, and Washington

Fast Charging Electric Vehicle (EV) Stations: Some Considerations



- The development and utility of all-electric motor vehicles is predicated on the availability of both conveniently located charging stations and a robust grid.
- EV charging is available in three categories: DC Fast Charging (DCFC) which charges EVs to 80% charge within 30 minutes; Level 2 which requires 5-6 hours; and Level 3 which takes up to 20 hours to achieve the same level.
- According to DOE data, U.S. DCFC EV stations at the end of 2020 numbered almost 5,500 with over 20,000
 available connections. The number of U.S. filling stations is about 125 thousand with 4 to 8 pumps per location.
- The majority of DCFCs have 1 to 2 connections; however, the largest one run by Tesla located in Firebaugh, California has 56.
- The EV charging industry lacks standardization; only Teslas can be charged at North American Tesla DCFCs due to the proprietary connectivity. In addition, vehicle connections differ by manufacturer requiring DCFC connections to have multiple types of connectors along with extensive cabling in order to reach a vehicle's particular electrical interface.
- With 42% of U.S. EVs registered in California, the state dominates U.S. charging infrastructure with number of stations and connections per facility.
- DCFC puts considerable load on electricity grids: fifty EVs charging concurrently is the equivalent load of a major commercial building.
- The expanded version of this slide deck is available at: <u>https://eprinc.org/chart-of-the-week/</u>
- For more information on this chart, please contact Max Pyziur (<u>maxp@eprinc.org</u>).



Additional Slides



Estimate of Costs per Miles Driven

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Gasoline	Electricity						
	Level 1	Level 2	DC Fast Charging				
\$4.08	\$1.16	\$2.31	\$2.66				
\$13.60	\$3.86	\$7.71	\$8.86				
\$27.20	\$7.71	\$15.43	\$17.71				
Assumptions							
U.S. Regular	U.S. EV Efficiency	U.S. Average Home	U.S. Level 2	U.S. DC Fast			
Gasoline Price per	per mile (EPRI,	Electricity Price per	Electricity Price per	Charging Electricity			
gallon (current, EIA)	EVgo)	kWh (EIA - 2021)	kWh (EPRI)	Price per kWh			
\$3.40		\$0.14	\$0.27	\$0.31			
		· · · ·		EPRINC			
· · · ·	\$4.08 \$13.60 \$27.20 U.S. Regular Gasoline Price per gallon (current, EIA)	Level 1\$4.08\$1.16\$13.60\$27.20 <td>Level 1 Level 2 \$4.08 \$1.16 \$2.31 \$13.60 \$3.86 \$7.71 \$27.20 \$7.71 \$15.43 Assumptions U.S. Regular U.S. EV Efficiency U.S. Average Home Gasoline Price per per mile (EPRI, Electricity Price per gallon (current, EIA) EVgo) kWh (EIA - 2021)</td> <td>Level 1Level 2DC Fast Charging\$4.08\$1.16\$2.31\$2.66\$13.60\$3.86\$7.71\$8.86\$27.20\$7.71\$15.43\$17.71AssumptionsU.S. RegularU.S. EV EfficiencyU.S. Average HomeU.S. Level 2Gasoline Price per gallon (current, EIA)EVgo)kWh (EIA - 2021)kWh (EPRI)</td>	Level 1 Level 2 \$4.08 \$1.16 \$2.31 \$13.60 \$3.86 \$7.71 \$27.20 \$7.71 \$15.43 Assumptions U.S. Regular U.S. EV Efficiency U.S. Average Home Gasoline Price per per mile (EPRI, Electricity Price per gallon (current, EIA) EVgo) kWh (EIA - 2021)	Level 1Level 2DC Fast Charging\$4.08\$1.16\$2.31\$2.66\$13.60\$3.86\$7.71\$8.86\$27.20\$7.71\$15.43\$17.71AssumptionsU.S. RegularU.S. EV EfficiencyU.S. Average HomeU.S. Level 2Gasoline Price per gallon (current, EIA)EVgo)kWh (EIA - 2021)kWh (EPRI)			

Charge Time Comparison						
	Typical Location	Rate (kW)	Miles per Charging Time	Typical Total Charging Time		
			3-5 miles of range per			
Level 1	Home	1.4 -1.9	hour	20 hours		
			8-24 miles of range per			
Level 2	Public	3.3 - 19.2	hour	5-6 hours		
DC Fast			3-18 miles of range per			
Charging	Public	50-350	minute	15-30 minutes		
Analysis based on EPRI Data			EPRINC			



